

The Daily Courant.

Monday, October 9 1704

From the Leiden Gazette, dated October 7.

Lemberg, September 10.

THE King of Sweden, after having put to flight some Polish and Lithuanian Troops that were posted near this place to cover it, advanc'd to take a view of it the 5th instant, and in Person rode round it accompanied by several General Officers. Finding it very ill fortify'd, (the Garrison being besides but weak) His Majesty order'd four Regiments of the Flower of his Troops to attack it the next Morning as soon as they had light enough to see their way; accordingly they waded through the Ditch, dealt a shower of Grenadoes among the Forces which the Palatine of Kalisch our Gouvernour had posted on the Ramparts near the Magazines of Powder, and after a sharp Dispute, in which a great number were kill'd on both sides, forc'd our Men to quit their Ground, and retire disorderly into the Town. The Swedes scaling the Walls, in their first Fury put all they met in Arms to the Sword; and on the other side the Officers and Soldiers of our Garrison shot several Swedes from the Windows of the Houses into which most of them retir'd; but at length they were glad to come out of those Houses and yield themselves Prisoners of War. Thus the Swedes took this Place, without opening Trenches, or any other Formalities of a Siege. Being Masters of the Town, they open'd the Gates to their King: His Majesty entred with the Horse, drew up in the great Market-place, and sent General Steinbock to our Magistrates that were assembled in the Town-House, to reprimand them for not submitting to him in time; but they laid all the blame upon the Nobility that were here. The Palatine of Kalisch our Gouvernour, who was taken Prisoner on the Ramparts after his Men had left him, was confin'd in the Seminary of the Jesuites; as was General Berentz, a Pole likewise, who was taken in the Convent of the Bernardines; General Kaminiski and many other Officers and Soldiers lay hid a while; but were all forc'd to appear and yield themselves Prisoners to the King of Sweden, upon his threatening otherwise to set fire to the Convents and Houses that harbour'd them. After this His Majesty went out again to his Army, and continues with them encamp'd under our Cannon: And General Steinback who has the principal Command under the King, publish'd an Order as soon as the King was out of the Town, requiring all Persons to declare what Effects they had in their Hands belonging to King Augustus, or his Adherents, on pain of Death; as also what Goods had been brought in hither from the neighbouring Country; which many did immediately. He likewise demanded 400000 Crowns of the Town, to commute for Plundering; but with much ado our Magistrates prevail'd with him to accept of a Promise of 300000. He has caus'd an Inventory to be takeu' of a great quantity of rich Goods that had been sent in hither, as to a Place of Security from several Towns, Villages, and Seats in the Country round us; which makes it believ'd the King his Master designs to carry it all away with him; as also 140 Pieces of Brads Cannon that were found here. Last night a good part of the Town was burnt by accident, and in all probability

the whole had been laid in Ashes, had not the King of Sweden sent in 3000 Foot Soldiers who extinguish'd the Fire. His Majesty has sent a Detachment to attack Zamos.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Oct. 14.

Lemberg, Sept. 21. Since the King of Sweden made himself Master of this Town, we have been oblig'd to carry daily to his Commissaries, Gold, Silver, and much Plate, the greatest part of which was taken from the Churches and Convents, to pay the 300000 Crowns which our Magistrates promis'd his Majesty, to save the Place from a general Plunder, with which it was threatened. The Jews that dwell here have been oblig'd to contribute very much to this Sum; and have been us'd very scurvily to make them discover their Wealth. The new King Stanislaus arriv'd here two Days ago, and with him Prince Alexander Sobieski; yesterday they went together to the King of Sweden's Army, which continues in our Neighbourhood; and at Night return'd to our Castle with his Swedish Majesty. General Steinbock having caus'd the 140 Pieces of Brads Cannon that were found on our Ramparts or in our Arsenal, to be drawn together behind the Convent of the Bernardines; they were all laid together, were overcharg'd, and their Mouths were turn'd into the Ground, and a Train being laid to them, they were all burst at once. The chief Referendarious of the Crown is encamp'd near Olesk, a few Leagues from hence, with some Polish Troops, and 15000 Cossacks who joyn'd him not many Days ago: He expects to be joyn'd to Day or to Morrow by General Mazepa, who is in full March towards him with 40000 Cossacks; and some are of Opinion they will advance together and offer Battle to the King of Sweden.

Dantzick, October 1. The Cardinal Primate of Poland continues here. They write from Mirau the 26th of last Month, that the 600 Cossacks which were garrison'd in Birzen, had been oblig'd to capitulate and yield up that Place to the Swedes, for want of Provisions. Letters from Lissa of the 28th Ul. inform us, that the Town and Castle of Zamos have likewise surrendered to a Detachment of Swedes that appeared before it; and that it was stipulated among other Articles, that to save the Place from being pillag'd the Inhabitants should, in a few Days after the Cossacks and Myscovites garrison'd in it were march'd out, pay the Swedes 80000 Crowns. The Swedish Officer who commands in Elbing, has order'd the Inhabitants of that Town to lay in Stores of Provisions for 6 Months.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated Oct. 7.

Warsaw, Sept. 19. The Body of Merchants of this City, are press'd very urgently to pay the Tax of 150000 Crowns which King Augustus has impos'd upon them, besides what the Inhabitants in general are rated at; and last Night our Magistrates met upon that Affair: Guards are plac'd at the Palace, and at the City Gates; And fresh Search is made in the Convents, for the Effects of the Confederates against his Majesty; in particular, the Monastery of the barefooted Carmelites has been search'd again, to see whether any more of the Cardinal Primate's Effects could be found in it; As has also the Convent of the Nuns of the Order of the Holy Sacrament, in which 'tis reported very valuable Effects belonging

belonging to the new King, his Mother, and Wife, were deposited.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Oct. 9.

Warsaw, Sept. 23. The Troops that arriv'd not long since from Saxony, joyn'd the King in his Camp at Wischegrod 8 Miles from hence, the 16th instant. And half the Muscovite Foot are arriv'd there likewise; they came down the Vistula in a great Number of Vessels: But the other half, was oblig'd to halt near the Town of Tykockzin, some Persons that are disaffected to King Augustus having burnt the Bridges thereabouts, and afterwards taken Refuge in Tykockzin. The King has written to the commanding Officer of the Troops left in Garrison here, not to press the Payment of the Sum of 40000 Crowns which was demanded of the City, till further Order; And has commanded him likewise to forbear making any further Search in the Monasteries, for the Effects of the new King Stanislaus, the Cardinal Primate, or their Adherents. Our Magistrates having taken into Consideration the Case of the Body of Merchants who were rated at the Sum of 150000 Crowns, sent Deputies to his Majesty to make a Representation to him in their Favour; which Deputies have prevail'd with his Majesty to suspend the levying that Tax: His Majesty has likewise set at Liberty and sent home hither, the Sieurs Rowna and Rookur, who were seiz'd and carried Prisoners to his Camp, for having remitted Money to Prince Ragnotski by Order of the Court of France.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated Oct. 14.

From the Camp at Wischegrod, Sept. 24. The Deputies of Moravia, Plotko, Great Poland, and others, have had Audience of King Augustus, in which they declar'd that they were ready to Sacrifice their Lives and Fortunes for his Majesty's Service. The Deputies of Great Poland, in particular, besought his Majesty to pardon the Inhabitants of Warsaw who implor'd his Clemency. The Saxons that joyn'd the Royal Army the 16th instant were in Number 16000 Men. General Brand with 4000 Saxons, and the Marshal of the Confederacy of Sandomir with part of the Polish Troops that are in King Augustus's Service, are march'd towards Thorn to seek the Swedish General Meyerfeld, who is in that part of the Country with 2 or 3000 Men. An Express is arriv'd here from Muscovy with Letters from the Czar and from the Palatine of Culm, giving an Account of the taking of Nerva, and of the Conclusion of the Treaty between King Augustus, (for himself and the Republick of Poland,) and the Czar of Muscovy. The principal Articles of which are, 1. The Czar actually furnishes the Republick with 12000 Men, Regular Troops, which he will maintain at his own Charge, and recruit during the War. 2. He will advance yearly 2 Millions for the Army of the Crown and of the great Dutchy of Lithuania, as long as the War shall last. 3. If his Czarish Majesty recovers the Polish Livonia by his Arms, he promises to give it to the Republick, who on her part engages not to treat with the Swedes but in Conjunction with the Czar. Yesterday the whole Army was drawn out, and a triple Discharge was made of all the Artillery and small Arms, for the taking of Nerva, and the happy Successes of his Czarish Majesty's Arms. The King of Sweden has publish'd Universalia, commanding all the Inhabitants of the Country near him to bring in Provisions to his Camp, on pain of having their Houses burnt; and the Chief Referendarius of the Crown has publish'd Universalia, forbidding any Subjects of Poland to carry in Provisions to the Swedes, under the same Penalty. General Horn receiv'd an Answer the 22d from his Swedish Majesty, to a Letter he sent to him; 'tis said the King bids him in this Answer, *Not to be uneasy, for in a little time his said Majesty would execute some important Design that he had communicated to him.*

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Octob. 14.

Warsaw, Sept. 26. The Army of King Augustus continues encamp'd at Wischegrod. The Bishop of Posnania and all the other Poles of Quality, who were taken Prisoners in our Castle by His Majesty,

are sent to the Fortress of Konigstein in Saxony; but 'tis said the Bishop will be sent to the Court of Rome at the request of the Pope's Nuncio. That Minister uses earnest Endeavours to perwade the King to pardon the Cardinal Primate what is pass'd; and 'tis said is not without hopes of prevailing with his Majesty: Many are of Opinion the Cardinal Primate has put him upon this, as choosing rather to make his Peace with his Majesty, than to go to Rome to render an account of his Conduct to that Court, whither the Pope has cited him to appear. Some Advices from Russia say, The King of Sweden intends to demolish the Walls of Lemberg, and lay it open like a Village; and that he will march from thence to Camineck, to possess himself of that place likewise, and of the great Riches that are convey'd thither from several parts of the Country, as to a place of Security.

Warsaw, Sept. 30. The 24th King Augustus held a great Council at Wischegrod, in which it was resolved, that an Embassy should be sent to the King of Prussia, to invite him to joyn his Arms with those of the Republick; and the great Treasurer of the Crown was nam'd to be the Ambassador, as also the Sieur Ostolinski to be Secretary of the Embassy. Since which the great Treasurer has actually begun his Journey to Berlin. Commissioners were likewise nominated in the same Council, to take an Oath of Fidelity to King Augustus, of the Magistrates of the Towns of the Polish Prussia. And then the Council was prorogu'd to the 12th of November next. The 26th the King advanc'd nearer to this City with his Army, viz. to Pultow, and waits only for Intelligence from Lemberg of the Motions of the Swedes, to march that way. Monsieur Smigelski is already march'd, towards Lublin with the Cossacks. The King has considerably moderated his Demands of Money of the Merchants and other Inhabitants of this City.

Cologne, October 10. They write from Cleves, that the King of Prussia's Troops which were Quarter'd in Berlin and thereabouts, among them his Majesty's Guards, are actually on the March towards the Frontiers of Poland: And 'tis said his Majesty designs forthwith to make them up between 20 and 30000 Men.

At the Desire of several Persons of Quality.

At the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, to-morrow being Tuesday the 10th of October, will be reviv'd, *The Traytor, or, The Tragedy of Amidea.* With several Entertainments of Singing and Dancing.

This Play is Sold by Richard Wellington at the Dolphin and Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard. Where you may have most Novels.

Lost out of a Gentleman's Pocket in the Street on Saturday Night last about Seven a Clock, between Cheapside and Fenchurch-street, a bundle of Papers tyed together in a Sheet of brown Paper, which can be of no use to any but the Owner, in which are several Accounts and other papers, with two Letters to a Father from his two Sons in Oxford. Whoever shall bring the said bundle of papers to Mr. Nath. Crouch Bookseller at the Bell over against Grocer's-Alley in the Poultry, shall have 10s. reward paid him immediately by the said Mr. Crouch with thanks.

The fam'd Beautifying Secret of 20 Years Experience, for making the Face and Skin surprizingly white, soft and smooth, taking away Freckles, Wrinkles, marks of the Small Pox, Spots, Pimpls, Redness, Tanning, Morphew, Scurf, &c. rendering those that have used it even the Wonder of the World for the exquisite Beauty and Fairness it hath given them, no Cosmetick, Wash, Water, Powder, &c. being ever known to come near it, it maketh the Breath sweet, Teeth white and fast, cures the Scurvy in the Gums, and Tooth-ach, strengthens the Sight, comforts the Brain, easeth Pains in the Ears, helps Deafness, loseth Memory, heals chop'd Lips and Hands, &c. (evident Signs of its being free from Mercury, which is known to blacken and rot the Teeth and Gums, spoil the Sight, &c.) it makes the Hair grow thick, prevents its shedding, and (which is admirable) changes red Hair (in time) into a light brown, and yet is as clear and harmless as fair Water, of a pleasing Scent, being no decoit but a real Beautifier, as attested under the Hands of divers Persons of Note. To be had only of Mr. Varenne, Bookseller, at Seneca's Head near Somerset-House in the Strand. Price Five Shillings the Bottle, with Directions.

There is now Translated into English, and will be speedily publish'd, *The History of the Coast of Guinea,* written originally in Dutch by Mijn Heer Bosman, and compared with the French Translation printed in Holland in 8vo. With several Copper Plates. Printed for J. Knapton and Dan. Midwinter in St. Paul's Church-yard.

This day is publish'd,

A Moral Test, the Manifest Intent in Law, of the Sacramental; And a Due Enforcement thereof Evinced, the Honour, the Safety, and Incomparable Happiness of England. With a Dedication to Her Majesty. By John Lacy, Esq; Sold by John Nutt near Stationers-Hall.